

#### OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

Rob Sand Auditor of State

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FOR RELEASE	February 1, 2019	•	515/281-5834

Auditor of State Rob Sand today released an audit report on the City of Jesup, Iowa.

The City's receipts totaled \$3,201,037 for the year ended June 30, 2018, a 48% decrease from the prior year. The significant decrease in receipts is due primarily to bond and note proceeds received in the prior year for street projects and an emergency services building. The receipts included \$1,369,083 of property tax, \$907,789 of charges for service, \$458,208 of operating grants, contributions and restricted interest, \$128,309 of capital grants, contributions and restricted interest, \$204,770 of local option sales tax, \$36,600 of unrestricted interest on investments, and \$96,278 of other general receipts.

Disbursements for the year ended June 30, 2018 totaled \$4,955,744, a 19% increase over the prior year, and included \$2,372,926 for capital projects, \$598,413 for debt service and \$602,697 for public safety. The increase in disbursements is due primarily to an increase in capital projects disbursements to complete street projects started during the prior year and for construction of an emergency services building. Also, disbursements for business type activities totaled \$453,724.

A copy of the audit report is available for review on the Auditor of State's web site at <a href="https://auditor.iowa.gov/reports/audit-reports/">https://auditor.iowa.gov/reports/audit-reports/</a>.

#### **CITY OF JESUP**

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

**JUNE 30, 2018** 

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## **Officials**

## (Before January 2018)

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Term <u>Expires</u>
Larry Thompson	Mayor	Jan 2018
Dawn Vogel	Mayor Pro tem	Jan 2020
Jill Chemin Melissa Trumbauer Todd Rohlfsen (Appointed Aug 2017) Richard Mott Russ Solomon	Council Member Council Member Council Member Council Member Council Member	Jan 2018 (Resigned Aug 2017) Nov 2017 Jan 2020 Jan 2020
Koley Mead	City Clerk	Indefinite
David Hosack	Attorney	Indefinite

## (After January 2018)

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Term <u>Expires</u>
Larry Thompson	Mayor	Jan 2020
Dawn Vogel	Mayor Pro tem	Jan 2020
Richard Mott Russ Solomon Denny Bell	Council Member Council Member Council Member	Jan 2020 Jan 2020 Jan 2022
Todd Rohlfsen	Council Member	Jan 2022
Koley Mead	City Clerk	Indefinite
David Hosack	Attorney	Indefinite



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#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Jesup, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1. This includes determining the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. This includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Jesup as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in its cash basis financial position for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

As discussed in Note 1, these financial statements were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Jesup's basic financial statements. The financial statements for the four years ended June 30, 2016 (which are not presented herein) were audited by other auditors who expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements which were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the third paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017 and the four years ended June 30, 2012 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements which were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 4 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The other information, Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Information, the Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of City Contributions on pages 9 through 14 and 34 through 40, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated January 16, 2019 on our consideration of the City of Jesup's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the City of Jesup's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ROB SAND Auditor of State

January 16, 2019

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The City of Jesup provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow.

#### **2018 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- Receipts of the City's governmental activities decreased 56%, or approximately \$2,994,000, from fiscal year 2017 to fiscal year 2018. The City received bond proceeds totaling \$3,038,619 in fiscal year 2017.
- Disbursements of the City's governmental activities increased 24%, or approximately \$858,000, in fiscal year 2018 from fiscal year 2017. Capital projects disbursements increased approximately \$979,000.
- The City's total cash basis net position decreased 39%, or approximately \$1,755,000, from June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018. Of this amount, the cash basis net position of the governmental activities decreased approximately \$1,897,000 and the cash basis net position of the business type activities increased approximately \$142,000.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the City's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statement consists of a Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position. This statement provides information about the activities of the City as a whole and presents an overall view of the City's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statement by providing information about the most significant funds.

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Other Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the City's budget for the year and the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability and related contributions.

Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the nonmajor governmental funds and the City's indebtedness.

#### BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The City maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statements of the City are prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items. Accordingly, the financial statements do not present financial position and results of operations of the funds in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, readers should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

#### REPORTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statement

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position reports information which helps answer this question.

The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position presents the City's net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position is divided into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities include public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service and capital projects. Property tax and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business Type Activities include the waterworks, sanitary sewer system and utility deposits/sales tax. These activities are financed primarily by user charges.

Fund Financial Statements

The City has two kinds of funds:

1) Governmental funds account for most of the City's basic services. These focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances at year-end that are available for spending. The governmental funds include: 1) the General Fund, 2) the Special Revenue Funds, such as Road Use Tax and Local Option Sales Tax, 3) the Debt Service Fund and 4) the Capital Projects Fund. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed, short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs.

The required financial statement for governmental funds is a Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances.

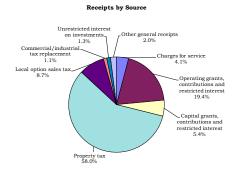
2) Proprietary funds account for the City's Enterprise Funds. Enterprise Funds are used to report business type activities. The City maintains three Enterprise Funds to provide separate information for the Water and Sewer Funds, considered to be major funds of the City, and the Utility Deposit/Sales Tax Fund.

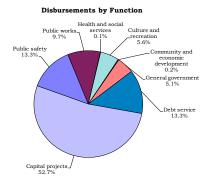
The required financial statement for proprietary funds is a Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. The City's cash balance for governmental activities decreased from a year ago, decreasing from approximately \$4.245 million to approximately \$2.348 million. The analysis that follows focuses on the changes in cash basis net position of governmental activities.

Changes in Cash Basis Net Position of Gove	ernment	al Activities	
		Year ended Ju	ane 30,
		2018	2017
Receipts:	·		
Program receipts:			
Charges for service	\$	97,886	166,901
Operating grants, contributions and restricted interest		458,208	443,665
Capital grants, contributions and restricted interest		128,309	21,350
General receipts:			
Property tax		1,369,083	1,337,375
Local option sales tax		204,770	238,165
Commercial/industrial tax replacement		26,665	27,212
Unrestricted interest on investments		30,519	22,483
Bond and note proceeds		-	3,038,619
Other general receipts		47,425	61,028
Total receipts		2,362,865	5,356,798
Disbursements:	·		
Public safety		602,697	521,319
Public works		435,456	399,394
Health and social services		1,900	1,900
Culture and recreation		251,491	272,755
Community and economic development		7,400	8,755
General government		231,737	172,711
Debt service		598,413	872,505
Capital projects		2,372,926	1,394,321
Total disbursements		4,502,020	3,643,660
Change in cash basis net position before transfers		(2,139,155)	1,713,138
Transfers, net		241,989	404,294
Change in cash basis net position		(1,897,166)	2,117,432
Cash basis net position beginning of year		4,244,653	2,127,221
Cash basis net position end of year	\$	2,347,487	4,244,653





The City's total receipts for governmental activities were approximately \$2,363,000. The decrease in receipts was primarily the result of general obligation bond and note proceeds received during the prior year. The cash basis net position of the City's governmental activities decreased approximately \$1,897,000 from June 30, 2017.

The cost of all governmental activities this year was approximately \$4,502,000 compared to approximately \$3,644,000 last year. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities and Net Position on pages 16-17, the amount taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities was approximately \$3,818,000 because some of the cost was paid by those directly benefited from the programs (approximately \$97,900) or by other governments which subsidized certain programs with grants, contributions and restricted interest (approximately \$586,500).

Changes in Cash Basis Net Position of I	Business Typ	e Activities		
		Year ended June 30,		
		2018	2017	
Receipts:				
Program receipts:				
Charges for service:				
Water	\$	361,915	344,967	
Sewer		418,534	379,658	
Utility deposits/sales tax		27,745	28,425	
General receipts:				
Unrestricted interest on investments		6,081	4,251	
Miscellaneous		23,897	-	
Total receipts		838,172	757,301	
Disbursements:				
Water		186,344	174,945	
Sewer		240,684	324,192	
Utility deposits/sales tax		26,696	25,800	
Total disbursements		453,724	524,937	
Change in cash basis net position before transfers		384,448	232,364	
Transfers, net		(241,989)	(404,294)	
Change in cash basis net position		142,459	(171,930)	
Cash basis net position beginning of year		283,749	455,679	
Cash basis net position end of year	\$	426,208	283,749	

Total business type activities receipts for the fiscal year were approximately \$838,000 compared to approximately \$757,300 last year. The increase was due primarily to rate increases for water and sewer. Total disbursements decreased 13.6% or approximately \$71,200. The decrease in disbursements was primarily due to a sewer system cleaning project and the purchase of water and sewer system equipment in fiscal year 2017 and no such disbursements in fiscal year 2018.

#### INDIVIDUAL MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND ANALYSIS

As the City of Jesup completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,347,487, a decrease of \$1,897,166 from last year's total of \$4,244,653. The following are the major reasons for the changes in fund balances of the major funds from the prior year.

• The General Fund cash balance decreased \$49,267 from the prior year to \$1,207,102. This decrease was primarily due to the purchase of a heart defibrillator and storage lockers and completion of an addition to the street shop during fiscal year 2018.

- The Special Revenue, Road Use Tax Fund cash balance increased \$91,753 to \$128,398. This increase was primarily due to transferring less funds from the Special Revenue, Road Use Tax Fund to the Capital Projects Fund during fiscal year 2018.
- The Special Revenue, Local Option Sales Tax Fund Cash balance increased \$209,061 to \$441,116 due primarily to not transferring to the Capital Projects Fund as in the prior year.
- The Debt Service Fund cash balance increased \$9,077 to \$19,369. This increase was due to decreased bond principal and interest payments.
- The Capital Projects Fund began the year with a cash balance of \$2,474,953 and ended with a balance of \$279,001, a decrease of \$2,195,952. The decrease in cash balance was primarily due to an increase in capital projects disbursements for street projects and construction of the Jesup Emergency Services Building.

#### INDIVIDUAL MAJOR BUSINESS TYPE FUND ANALYSIS

- The Enterprise, Water Fund cash balance increased \$7,599 to \$107,812, due primarily to an increase in water rates.
- The Enterprise, Sewer Fund cash balance increased \$133,271 to \$275,749, due primarily to an increase in sewer rates and no transfers to the Capital Projects Fund during the year.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Over the course of the year, the City amended its budget one time. The amendment was approved on May 1, 2018 to provide for additional disbursements in certain City departments. The City had sufficient cash balances to absorb these additional costs.

The City's receipts were \$219,295 less than budgeted. This was primarily due to the City receiving less miscellaneous receipts than expected for the emergency services building.

Total disbursements were \$670,813 less than the amended budget. Actual disbursements for the, public works, capital projects and culture and recreation functions were \$114,457, \$278,336 and \$70,834, respectively, less than the amended budget. This was primarily due to slower progress on city capital projects than expected.

The City disbursements for business type activities functions were \$141,771 less than budgeted for the year ended June 30, 2018 due to less capital projects disbursements than expected.

Disbursements at year end exceeded the amounts budgeted in the general government and debt service functions. Additionally, disbursements in the general government and capital projects functions exceeded the budget prior to the budget amendment.

#### **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

At June 30, 2018, the City had \$4,120,000 of debt outstanding, compared to \$4,617,274 last year, as shown below.

Outstanding Debt at Year-End						
	June 30,					
	2018	2017				
General obligation notes		2,515,000	2,940,000			
Revenue bonds		1,605,000	1,660,000			
Lease purchase agreement		-	17,274			
Total	\$	4,120,000	4,617,274			

The decrease in general obligation and revenue debt is primarily due to the City making scheduled principal and interest payments.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The City of Jesup's elected and appointed officials and citizens considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2019 budget, tax rates and fees charged for various City activities. One of those factors is the economy. Unemployment in Buchanan County was 2.4% and the State of Iowa was 2.5% at June 30, 2018.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the budget for fiscal year 2019. Receipts available for appropriation in the operating budget are approximately \$3.1 million, a 7.6% decrease from the final fiscal year 2018 budget. Property and other city tax is expected to increase as a result of higher taxable property valuations.

If these estimates are realized, the City's cash balance is expected to increase slightly by approximately \$141,000.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Koley Mead, City Clerk, PO Box 592, Jesup, Iowa 50648-0592.



#### Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position

#### As of and for the year ended June 30, 2018

		<u>-</u>	Program Receipts		
	Dis	bursements	Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	Capital Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest
Functions/Programs:					
Governmental activities:					
Public safety	\$	602,697	81,015	101,092	-
Public works		435,456	12,386	325,099	-
Health and social services		1,900	-	-	-
Culture and recreation		251,491	1,008	32,017	-
Community and economic development		7,400	-	-	-
General government		231,737	3,477	-	-
Debt service		598,413	-	-	-
Capital projects		2,372,926	-	-	128,309
Total governmental activities		4,502,020	97,886	458,208	128,309
Business type activities:					_
Water		186,344	361,915	-	-
Sewer		240,684	418,534	-	-
Utility deposits/sales tax		26,696	27,745	-	
Total business type activities		453,724	808,194	-	
Total	\$	4,955,744	906,080	458,208	128,309

#### **General Receipts and Transfers:**

Property and other city tax levied for:

General purposes

Debt service

Local option sales tax

Commercial/industrial tax replacement

Unrestricted interest on investments

Miscellaneous

Sale of capital assets

Transfers

Total general receipts and transfers

Change in cash basis net position

Cash basis net position beginning of year

Cash basis net position end of year

#### **Cash Basis Net Position**

Restricted for:

Debt service

Streets

Local option sales tax

Capital projects

Fire and ambulance

Other purposes

Unrestricted

#### Total cash basis net position

See notes to financial statements.

## Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Cash Basis Net Position

Governmental	Business Type		
Activities	Activities	Total	
(420,590)	-	(420,590)	
(97,971)	-	(97,971)	
(1,900)		(1,900)	
(218,466)		(218,466)	
(7,400)	-	(7,400)	
(228,260)	-	(228, 260)	
(598,413)		(598,413)	
(2,244,617)		(2,244,617)	
(3,817,617)	-	(3,817,617)	
-	175,571	175,571	
-	177,850	177,850	
	1,049	1,049	
	354,470	354,470	
(3,817,617)	354,470	(3,463,147)	
1,048,698	_	1,048,698	
320,385	-	320,385	
204,770	-	204,770	
26,665	-	26,665	
30,519	6,081	36,600	
44,907	23,897	68,804	
2,518	-	2,518	
241,989	(241,989)	-	
1,920,451	(212,011)	1,708,440	
(1,897,166)	142,459	(1,754,707)	
4,244,653	283,749	4,528,402	
\$ 2,347,487	426,208	2,773,695	
\$ 19,369	_	19,369	
128,398	-	128,398	
441,116	-	441,116	
279,001	-	279,001	
150,383	-	150,383	
276,020	-	276,020	
1,053,200	426,208	1,479,408	
\$ 2,347,487	426,208	2,773,695	

## Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Governmental Funds

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2018

		_	Special	Revenue
			Road	Local
			Use	Option
Descriptor.		General	Tax	Sales Tax
Receipts:	\$	830,802		
Property tax Other city tax	φ	1,157	_	204,770
Licenses and permits		10,126	_	201,770
Use of money and property		30,185	_	4,291
Intergovernmental		88,537	321,527	-
Charges for service		87,613	-	-
Special assessments		147	-	-
Miscellaneous		48,481	_	
Total receipts		1,097,048	321,527	209,061
Disbursements:				
Operating:		466.050		
Public safety Public works		466,258 251,477	139,831	-
Health and social services		1,900	139,631	_
Culture and recreation		227,764	_	
Community and economic development		7,400	_	_
General government		194,034	_	-
Debt service		-	-	115,445
Capital projects		-	-	
Total disbursements		1,148,833	139,831	115,445
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over disbursements		(51,785)	181,696	93,616
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of capital assets		2,518	-	-
Transfers in		-	-	115,445
Transfers out			(89,943)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,518	(89,943)	115,445
Change in cash balances		(49,267)	91,753	209,061
Cash balances beginning of year		1,256,369	36,645	232,055
Cash balances end of year	\$	1,207,102	128,398	441,116
Cash Basis Fund Balances				
Restricted for:	ф			
Debt service Streets	\$	-	128,398	-
Local option sales tax		_	120,390	441,116
Capital projects		_	_	-
Fire and ambulance		_	_	-
Other purposes		153,902	-	-
Committed for capital equipment and improvements		510,377	-	-
Unassigned		542,823	-	
Total cash basis fund balances	\$	1,207,102	128,398	441,116

Debt	Capital		
Service	Projects	Nonmajor	Total
320,385		216,739	1,367,926
-	_	210,739	205,927
_	_	_	10,126
1,884	-	984	37,344
6,244	-	4,226	420,534
-	-	-	87,613
-	-	-	147
	124,018	58,231	230,730
328,513	124,018	280,180	2,360,347
		136 430	602,697
_	_	136,439 44,148	435,456
_	_	-	1,900
_	_	23,727	251,491
_	-	, -	7,400
-	-	37,704	231,738
482,968	-	-	598,413
	2,372,925	-	2,372,925
482,968	2,372,925	242,018	4,502,020
(154,455)	(2,248,907)	38,162	(2,141,673)
-	-	-	2,518
163,532	168,400	-	447,377
	(115,445)		(205,388)
163,532	52,955	-	244,507
9,077	(2,195,952)	38,162	(1,897,166)
10,292	2,474,953	234,339	4,244,653
19,369	279,001	272,501	2,347,487
19,369	-	-	19,369
-	-	-	128,398
-	- 270 001	-	441,116
<del>-</del>	279,001	150,383	279,001 150,383
-	-	122,118	276,020
_	_	-	510,377
			542,823
19,369	279,001	272,501	2,347,487
_			

## Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Proprietary Funds

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2018

			Enter	prise	
			_	Non-Major	
			Ţ	Utility Deposits	
	-	Water	Sewer	Sales Tax	Total
Operating receipts:					
Charges for service	\$	361,200	418,146	27,745	807,091
Miscellaneous		715	388	-	1,103
Total operating receipts		361,915	418,534	27,745	808,194
Operating disbursements:					
Business type activities		154,779	201,374	26,696	382,849
Excess of operating receipts					
over operating disbursements		207,136	217,160	1,049	425,345
Non-operating receipts (disbursements):					
Interest		2,696	2,845	540	6,081
Insurance proceeds		23,897	-	-	23,897
Equipment		(3,114)	-	-	(3,114)
Capital outlay		(28,451)	(39,310)	-	(67,761)
Net non-operating receipts (disbursements)		(4,972)	(36,465)	540	(40,897)
Excess of receipts over disbursements		202,164	180,695	1,589	384,448
Transfers out		(194,565)	(47,424)	-	(241,989)
Change in cash balances		7,599	133,271	1,589	142,459
Cash balances beginning of year		100,213	142,478	41,058	283,749
Cash balances end of year	\$	107,812	275,749	42,647	426,208
Cash Basis Fund Balances					
Unrestricted	\$	107,812	275,749	42,647	426,208

See notes to financial statements.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Jesup is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa located in Buchanan and Black Hawk Counties. It was first incorporated in 1876 and operates under the Home Rule provisions of the Constitution of Iowa. The City operates under the Mayor-Council form of government with the Mayor and Council Members elected on a non-partisan basis. The City provides numerous services to citizens, including public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development and general government services. The City also provides water and sewer utilities for its citizens.

#### A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City of Jesup has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

These financial statements present the City of Jesup (the primarily government), and the following component units: the Jesup Fire Association, the Jesup Ambulance Crew Association, the Jesup Library Endowment Fund Incorporated and the Friends of the Jesup Public Library. These component units discussed below are included in the City's report entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship.

#### Blended Component Units

The Jesup Fire Association (Association) is legally separate from the City but is so intertwined with the City it is, in substance, the same as the City. It is reported as part of the City and blended into the Special Revenue Funds. The Association has been established pursuant to local ordinance to prevent and extinguish fires and to protect lives and property against fires, to promote the fire prevention and fire safety and to answer all emergency calls for which there is no other established agency. Although the Association is legally separate from the City, its purpose is to benefit the City of Jesup (the primarily government) by providing the above services and by soliciting contributions and managing those funds.

The Jesup Ambulance Crew Association (Association) is legally separate from the City but is so intertwined with the City it is, in substance, the same as the City. It is reported as part of the City and blended into the Special Revenue Funds. Although the Association is legally separate from the City, its purpose is to benefit the City of Jesup (the primarily government) by providing the above services and by soliciting contributions and managing those funds.

The Jesup Library Endowment Fund Incorporated (Endowment) is legally separate from the City but is so intertwined with the City it is, in substance, the same as the City. It is reported as part of the City and blended into the Special Revenue Funds. The purpose of the Endowment is to provide additional financial support for the library, to continue the development of its collection and maintain excellent service to the public Although the Association is legally separate from the City, its purpose is to benefit the City of Jesup (the primarily government) by providing the above services and by soliciting contributions and managing those funds.

Pursuant to Chapter 501B of the Code of Iowa, the Friends of the Jesup Public Library (Friends) is an unincorporated nonprofit association. The purpose is to benefit the City of Jesup (the primary government) by maintaining an association of persons interested in the Jesup Public Library, to promote and stimulate use of the Jesup Public Library, to work with and support the library staff and Board of Trustees in their efforts to inform and educate the public as to the Library's resources and services and to generate financial support for the further development of library services. Based on these criteria, Friends is legally separate from the City but is so intertwined with the City it is, in substance, the same as the City. In accordance with criteria set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Friends meets the definition of a component unit which should be blended. It is reported as part of the City and blended into the Special Revenue Funds.

#### Jointly Governed Organizations

The City participates in several jointly governed organizations that provide goods or services to the citizenry of the City but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. City officials are members of the following boards and commissions: County Assessor's Conference Board, Buchanan County Emergency Management Commission, Buchanan County Economic Development and joint 911 Service Board. The City also participates in the Buchanan County Solid Waste Commission, a jointly governed organization established pursuant to the Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statement - The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position reports information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from this statement. Governmental activities, which are supported by tax and intergovernmental receipts, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position presents the City's nonfiduciary net position. Net position is reported in the following categories/components:

Restricted net position results when constraints placed on the use of cash balances are either externally imposed or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation did not result in any restricted net position.

Unrestricted net position consists of cash balances not meeting the definition of the preceding category. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position demonstrates the degree to which the direct disbursements of a given function are offset by program receipts. Direct disbursements are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program receipts include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest on investments restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program receipts are reported instead as general receipts.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax receipts from general and emergency levies and other receipts not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating disbursements, the fixed charges and the capital improvement costs not paid from other funds.

#### Special Revenue:

The Road Use Tax Fund is used to account for the road use tax allocation from the State of Iowa to be used for road construction and maintenance.

The Local Option Sales Tax Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of local option sales tax.

The Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for property tax and other receipts to be used for the payment of interest and principal on the City's general long-term debt.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities, with the exception of those financed through proprietary funds

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Enterprise, Water Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water system.

The Enterprise, Sewer Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater treatment and sanitary sewer system.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The City maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statements of the City are prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items. Accordingly, the financial statements do not present financial position and results of operations of the funds in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general receipts. Thus, when program disbursements are paid, there are both restricted and unrestricted cash basis net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants and then by general receipts.

When a disbursement in governmental funds can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the City's policy is generally to first apply the disbursement toward restricted fund balance and then to less-restrictive classifications – committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating receipts and disbursements from non-operating items. Operating receipts and disbursements generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All receipts and disbursements not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating receipts and disbursements.

#### D. Governmental Cash Basis Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, cash basis fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Restricted</u> – Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – Amounts which can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints formally imposed by the City Council through ordinance or resolution approved prior to year-end. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed to commit those amounts.

<u>Unassigned</u> – All amounts not included in the preceding classifications.

#### E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Other Information. During the year ended June 30, 2018, disbursements exceeded the amounts budgeted in the general government and debt service functions. Additionally, disbursements in the general government and capital projects functions exceeded the budget prior to the budget amendment.

#### (2) Cash and Pooled Investments

The City's deposits in banks at June 30, 2018 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to ensure there will be no loss of public funds.

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The City had no investments meeting the disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72.

#### (3) Bonds and Notes Payable

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation notes and revenue bonds are as follows:

Year	General Obl	igation				
Ending	Notes	3	Revenue Bonds		Total	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2019	\$ 430,000	49,035	65,000	53,013	495,000	102,048
2020	395,000	41,380	65,000	49,762	460,000	91,142
2021	410,000	33,633	70,000	47,813	480,000	81,446
2022	425,000	25,048	70,000	45,712	495,000	70,760
2023	235,000	15,458	70,000	43,962	305,000	59,420
2024-2028	620,000	22,724	390,000	190,738	1,010,000	213,462
2029-2033	-	-	450,000	127,562	450,000	127,562
2034-2038	-	-	425,000	40,500	425,000	40,500
Total	\$ 2,515,000	187,278	1,605,000	599,062	4,120,000	786,340

#### Revenue Bonds

The City has pledged 60% of future local option sales tax receipts, net of specified operating disbursements, to repay \$1,660,000 of local option sales tax revenue issued in May 2017. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for acquiring, constructing, furnishing, and equipping of city facilities, including an emergency services facility. The bonds are payable solely from a portion of local option sales tax receipts and are payable through 2037. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 94% of net receipts. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$2,204,062. For the current year, principal and interest paid was \$114,945 and the 60% allocated portion of the local option sales tax receipts was \$122,862, respectively.

The resolution providing for the issuance of the revenue bonds includes the following provisions

(a) The bonds will only be redeemed from the future earnings/receipts of the local option sales tax receipts and the bond holders hold a lien on the future earnings/receipts of the fund.

- (b) Sufficient monthly transfers shall be made to a separate local option sales tax revenue bond sinking account within the Special Revenue, Local Option Sales Tax Fund for the purpose of making the bond principal and interest payments when due.
- (c) Specified amounts are required to be held in a local option sales tax reserve account. This account is restricted for the purpose of paying for any additional improvements, extensions or repair to the systems or, when necessary, for the purpose of making the principal and interest payments when due.

#### (4) Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the City, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the City are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at PO Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code Chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> – A Regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, any time after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier based on years of service.
- The member's highest five-year average salary, except members with service before June 30, 2012 will use the highest three-year average salary as of that date if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.

Protection occupation members may retire at normal retirement age, which is generally age 55. The formula used to calculate a protection occupation member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- 60% of average salary after completion of 22 years of service, plus an additional 1.5% of average salary for more than 22 years of service but not more than 30 years of service.
- The member's highest three-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned on or after July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

<u>Disability and Death Benefits</u> – A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

<u>Contributions</u> – Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2018, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 5.95% of covered payroll and the City contributed 8.93% of covered payroll, for a total rate of 14.88%. Protection occupation members contributed 6.56% of covered payroll and the City contributed 9.84% of covered payroll, for a total rate of 16.40%.

The City's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2018 totaled \$53,624.

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$346,778 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to IPERS relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the City's proportion was 0.005206%, which was a decrease of 0.000247% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City's pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources totaled \$66,181, \$187,720 and \$109,283, respectively.

There were no non-employer contributing entities to IPERS.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, as follows:

Rate of inflation
(effective June 30, 2017)

Rates of salary increase
(effective June 30, 2017)

Long-term investment rate of return
(effective June 30, 2017)

Wage growth
(effective June 30, 2017)

Rates vary by membership group.
7.00% compounded annually, net of investment expense, including inflation.
3.25% per annum, based on 2.60% inflation
and 0.65% real wage inflation.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated March 24, 2017.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	24.0%	6.25%
International equity	16.0	6.71
Core plus fixed income	27.0	2.25
Public credit	3.5	3.46
Public real assets	7.0	3.27
Cash	1.0	(0.31)
Private equity	11.0	11.15
Private real assets	7.5	4.18
Private credit	3.0	4.25
Total	100.0%	

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and contributions from the City will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, IPERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.00%) or 1% higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

		1%	Discount	1%
	Ι	Decrease	Rate	Increase
		(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
City's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$	684,685	346,77	8 62,992

<u>IPERS' Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about IPERS' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at <u>www.ipers.org</u>.

#### (5) Compensated Absences

City employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and compensatory time hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, retirement or death. These accumulations are not recognized as disbursements by the City until used or paid. The City's approximate liability for earned vacation and compensatory time payable to employees at June 30, 2018, primarily relating to the General Fund, is as follows:

Type of Benefit	Amount
Vacation	\$ 19,000
Compensatory time	 19,000
Total	\$ 38,000

This liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2018.

#### (6) Interfund Transfers

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from	Amount
Special Revenue		
Local Option Sales Tax	Capital projects	\$ 115,445
Debt Service:	Special Revenue: Road Use Tax	89,943
	Enterprise:	
	Water	26,165
	Sewer	47,424
		163,532
Capital Projects	Enterprise:	
	Water	168,400
		\$ 447,377

Transfers generally move resources from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to disburse the resources.

#### (7) Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The City assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### (8) Contractual Commitments

The City has entered into various construction contracts totaling approximately \$2,560,000. As of June 30, 2018, approximately \$2,338,000 has been paid on the contracts. The remaining \$222,000 will be paid as work on the projects progresses.

#### (9) Employee Health Insurance Plan

The City assumes liability for claims between \$250 and \$500 for all coverage. Claims in excess of the deductible are insured through the purchase of insurance. For the year ended June 30, 2018 payments totaling \$250 were recorded as disbursements in the General Fund.

Other Information

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Balances – Budget and Actual (Cash Basis) – All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds

## Other Information

## Year ended June 30, 2018

	Go	overnmental Funds Actual	Proprietary Funds Actual	Less Funds not Required to be Budgeted
Receipts:	_			
Property tax	\$	1,367,926	-	-
Other city tax		205,927	-	-
Licenses and permits		10,126	-	-
Use of money and property		37,344	-	984
Intergovernmental		420,534	-	-
Charges for service		87,613	807,091	-
Special assessments		147	-	-
Miscellaneous		230,730	31,081	58,231
Total receipts		2,360,347	838,172	59,215
Disbursements:				
Public safety		602,697	-	48,195
Public works		435,456	-	-
Health and social services		1,900	-	-
Culture and recreation		251,491	-	4,909
Community and economic development		7,400	-	-
General government		231,738	-	-
Debt service		598,413	-	-
Capital projects		2,372,925	-	-
Business type activities		-	453,724	
Total disbursements		4,502,020	453,724	53,104
Excess (deficiency) of receipts				
over (under) disbursements		(2,141,673)	384,448	6,111
Other financing sources, net		244,507	(241,989)	
Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources				
over (under) disbursements and other financing uses		(1,897,166)	142,459	6,111
Balances beginning of year		4,244,653	283,749	208,788
Balances end of year	\$	2,347,487	426,208	214,899

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

			Final to
_	Budgeted A	Total	
Total	Original	Final	Variance
1,367,926	1,349,184	1,349,184	18,742
205,927	232,362	232,362	(26,435)
10,126	23,150	18,200	(8,074)
36,360	26,060	26,060	10,300
420,534	402,353	404,753	15,781
894,704	912,490	917,940	(23,236)
147	200	200	(53)
203,580	366,400	409,900	(206,320)
3,139,304	3,312,199	3,358,599	(219,295)
554,502	596,682	641,667	87,165
435,456	490,893	549,913	114,457
1,900	1,900	1,900	-
246,582	270,861	317,416	70,834
7,400	7,682	7,682	282
231,738	167,901	209,708	(22,030)
598,413	563,066	598,411	(2)
2,372,925	1,944,815	2,651,261	278,336
453,724	571,995	595,495	141,771
4,902,640	4,615,795	5,573,453	670,813
(1,763,336)	(1,303,596)	(2,214,854)	451,518
2,518	1,050	2,750	(232)
(1,760,818)	(1,302,546)	(2,212,104)	451,286
4,319,614	2,754,531	4,366,541	(46,927)
2,558,796	1,451,985	2,154,437	404,359

#### Notes to Other Information - Budgetary Reporting

June 30, 2018

The budgetary comparison is presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the City Council annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon nine major classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund. These nine functions are: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service, capital projects and business type activities. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, the Debt Service Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, the Permanent Fund and the Enterprise Funds. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. During the year, one budget amendment increased budgeted disbursements by \$957,658. The budget amendment is reflected in the final budgeted amounts.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, disbursements exceeded the amounts budgeted in the general government and debt service functions. Additionally, disbursements in the general government and capital projects functions exceeded the budget prior to the budget amendment.

#### Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

#### Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System For the Last Four Years\* (In Thousands)

#### Other Information

		2018	2017	2016	2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.	005206%	0.005453%	0.004977%	0.004589%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	347	343	246	182
City's covered payroll	\$	584	540	529	518
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		59.42%	63.52%	46.50%	35.16%
IPERS' net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		82.21%	81.82%	85.19%	87.61%

<sup>\*</sup> In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding fiscal year.

# Schedule of City Contributions

# Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System For the Last Ten Years (In Thousands)

## Other Information

	 2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 54	54	50	49
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	 (54)	(54)	(50)	(49)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	
City's covered payroll	\$ 579	584	540	529
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.33%	9.25%	9.26%	9.26%

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
	48	45	43	37	34	32
	(48)	(45)	(43)	(37)	(34)	(32)
	-	-	-	-	-	_
	518	488	491	478	462	454
9.	.27%	9.22%	8.76%	7.74%	7.36%	7.05%

#### Notes to Other Information – Pension Liability

Year ended June 30, 2018

#### Changes of benefit terms:

Legislation enacted in 2010 modified benefit terms for Regular members. The definition of final average salary changed from the highest three to the highest five years of covered wages. The vesting requirement changed from four years of service to seven years. The early retirement reduction increased from 3% per year measured from the member's first unreduced retirement age to a 6% reduction for each year of retirement before age 65.

#### Changes of assumptions:

The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.60%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75% to 3.50% per year.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00% to 3.75% per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Reduced retirement rates for sheriffs and deputies between the ages of 55 and 64.
- Moved from an open 30-year amortization period to a closed 30-year amortization period for the UAL (unfunded actuarial liability) beginning June 30, 2015. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20-year period.

The 2010 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Adjusted retiree mortality assumptions.
- Modified retirement rates to reflect fewer retirements.
- Lowered disability rates at most ages.
- Lowered employment termination rates.
- Generally increased the probability of terminating members receiving a deferred retirement benefit.
- Modified salary increase assumptions based on various service duration.



City of Jesup

# Schedule of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2018

				Special
			Jesup	Jesup Ambulance
	E	Employee	Fire	Crew
	E	Benefits	Association	Association
Receipts:				
Property tax	\$	216,739	-	-
Use of money and property		-	66	409
Intergovernmental		4,226	-	-
Miscellaneous		-	42,694	12,312
Total receipts		220,965	42,760	12,721
Disbursements:				
Operating:				
Public safety		88,244	31,084	17,111
Public works		44,148	-	-
Culture and recreation		18,818	-	-
General government		37,704	-	<del>-</del>
Total disbursements		188,914	31,084	17,111
Change in cash balances		32,051	11,676	(4,390)
Cash balances beginning of year		61,722	93,472	49,625
Cash balances end of year	\$	93,773	105,148	45,235
Cash Basis Fund Balances				
Restricted for:				
Fire and ambulance	\$	-	105,148	45,235
Other purposes		93,773	-	
Total cash basis fund balances	\$	93,773	105,148	45,235

Revenue		
Jesup	Friends of	
Library	the Jesup	
Endowment	Public	
Fund	Library	Total
-	-	216,739
362	147	984
-	-	4,226
	3,225	58,231
362	3,372	280,180
-	-	136,439
-	-	44,148
-	4,909	23,727
	-	37,704
	4,909	242,018
362	(1,537)	38,162
18,764	10,756	234,339
19,126	9,219	272,501
-	_	150,383
19,126	9,219	122,118
19,126	9,219	272,501

# Schedule of Indebtedness

# Year ended June 30, 2018

Obligation	Date of Issue	Interest Rates	(	Amount Originally Issued
General obligation notes: Corporate purpose, series 2011 Corporate purpose and refunding, series 2013A Corporate purpose, series 2016	May 1, 2011 Apr 1, 2013 Jul 20, 2016	2.50-3.40% 1.25-1.85 1.00-2.00	\$	1,500,000 1,280,000 1,420,000
Total  Revenue bonds:				
Local option and services tax revenue and refunding bonds, series 2017	May 4, 2017	2.50-5.00	\$	1,660,000
Lease purchase agreement: Emergency services equipment	May 25, 2015	0.00	\$	51,823

	Balance Issued		Redeemed	Balance	
I	Beginning	During	During	End of	Interest
	of Year	Year	Year	Year	Paid
	730,000	-	140,000	590,000	23,033
	790,000	-	125,000	665,000	12,092
	1,420,000	-	160,000	1,260,000	21,343
\$	2,940,000	-	425,000	2,515,000	56,468
	1,660,000	-	55,000	1,605,000	59,945
\$	17,274	_	17,274	-	_

# Bond and Note Maturities

June 30, 2018

General Obligation Notes										
	•		Purpose 2011	Corporate Purpose Series 2013A			Corporate Purpose Series 2016			
Year	Issued	Ma	y 1, 2011	Issued	Apr	il 1, 2013	Issued	Jul	y 20, 2016	
Ending	Interest			Interest			Interest			
June 30,	Rates		Amount	Rates		Amount	Rates		Amount	Total
2019	3.05%	\$	140,000	1.25%	\$	130,000	1.10%	\$	160,000	430,000
2020	3.05		145,000	1.45		130,000	1.20		120,000	395,000
2021	3.20		150,000	1.60		135,000	1.30		125,000	410,000
2022	3.40		155,000	1.75		135,000	1.45		135,000	425,000
2023			-	1.85		135,000	1.55		100,000	235,000
2024			-			-	1.70		235,000	235,000
2025			-			-	1.85		190,000	190,000
2026						-	2.00		195,000	195,000
Total		\$	590,000		\$	665,000		\$	1,260,000	2,515,000

	Revenue Bonds							
_	LOST and Refunding Bonds							
Year	ar Issued May 4, 2017							
Ending	Interest							
June 30,	Rates		Amount					
2019	5.00%	\$	65,000					
2020	3.00		65,000					
2021	3.00		70,000					
2022	2.50		70,000					
2023	2.50		70,000					
2024	2.50		75,000					
2025	2.50		75,000					
2026	3.00		80,000					
2027	3.00		80,000					
2028	3.00		80,000					
2029	3.00		85,000					
2030	3.50		85,000					
2031	3.50		90,000					
2032	3.50		95,000					
2033	3.50		95,000					
2034	3.75		100,000					
2035	3.75		105,000					
2036	3.75		110,000					
2037	3.75		110,000					
Total		\$	1,605,000					

City of Jesup

# Schedule of Receipts By Source and Disbursements By Function - All Governmental Funds

#### For the Last Ten Years

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Receipts:				
Property tax	\$ 1,367,926	1,336,275	1,310,814	1,275,683
Tax increment financing	-	-	-	23,448
Other city tax	205,927	239,265	209,980	218,133
Licenses and permits	10,126	18,108	16,836	17,078
Use of money and property	37,344	27,529	13,177	5,962
Intergovernmental	420,534	414,814	414,624	341,239
Charges for service	87,613	148,997	112,803	104,836
Special assessments	147	157	168	178
Miscellaneous	 230,730	132,771	224,368	179,136
Total	\$ 2,360,347	2,317,916	2,302,770	2,165,693
Disbursements:				
Operating:				
Public safety	\$ 602,697	521,319	649,112	645,603
Public works	435,456	399,394	557,356	549,071
Health and social services	1,900	1,900	2,000	2,000
Culture and recreation	251,491	272,755	237,435	228,312
Community and economic development	7,400	8,755	7,489	7,458
General government	231,738	172,711	181,416	189,858
Debt service	598,413	872,505	555,237	520,638
Capital projects	 2,372,925	1,394,321	695,924	166,952
Total	\$ 4,502,020	3,643,660	2,885,969	2,309,892

	2014	2014 2013		2011	2010	2009
Ī						_
	1,230,501	1,159,930	1,095,145	1,006,275	830,846	840,869
	23,381	47,368	53,241	100,258	196,237	6,907
	217,626	211,208	204,516	180,579	173,896	176,716
	20,266	21,673	16,520	18,818	21,475	14,968
	7,020	8,773	11,442	12,745	16,022	21,490
	316,913	301,205	880,334	766,859	267,294	240,718
	103,967	153,066	149,866	203,817	148,209	174,982
	3,458	1,055	2,118	6,650	25,674	4,954
_	148,976	156,662	266,461	167,962	234,008	185,835
	2,072,108	2,060,940	2,679,643	2,463,963	1,913,661	1,667,439
						_
	631,275	438,876	625,595	459,888	461,475	449,386
	376,979	289,002	453,006	403,864	650,275	382,207
	2,000	2,000	1,925	1,925	1,925	1,925
	211,462	201,111	247,481	194,326	175,873	162,105
	170	436	42	152,545	507,639	98,877
	185,467	184,677	154,245	144,351	137,150	133,584
	569,887	1,024,577	580,841	343,949	853,490	267,153
_	960,881	667,936	2,588,450	1,515,202	293,326	804,923
	2,938,121	2,808,615	4,651,585	3,216,050	3,081,153	2,300,160

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#### OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

Rob Sand Auditor of State

State Capitol Building
Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0006

Telephone (515) 281-5834 Facsimile (515) 281-6518

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

We have audited in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Jesup, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 16, 2019. Our report expressed unmodified opinions on the financial statements which were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Jesup's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Jesup's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Jesup's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, we identified deficiencies in internal control we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the City of Jesup's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency in internal control described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item (A) to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control which is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item (B) to be a significant deficiency.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Jesup's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters which are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2018 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the City. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

#### The City of Jesup's Responses to the Findings

The City of Jesup's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. The City of Jesup's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City of Jesup during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Auditor of State

January 16, 2019

#### Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2018

#### Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

#### INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

#### (A) Segregation of Duties

<u>Criteria</u> – Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control. A good system of internal control provides for adequate segregation of duties so no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to completion. In order to maintain proper internal control, duties should be segregated so the authorization, custody and recording of transactions are not under the control of the same employee. This segregation of duties helps prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and maximizes the accuracy of the City's financial statements.

Condition – Generally, one or two individuals have control over the following areas:

- (1) Responsibilities for receipt collection, deposit preparation and reconciliation functions are not segregated from those of recording and accounting for receipts or disbursements.
- (2) Responsibilities for disbursement preparation are not segregated from those for recording cash disbursements.
- (3) Mail is not opened by someone who does not have access to the accounting system.
- (4) Responsibilities for maintaining detailed accounts receivable records are not segregated from collections and records posting.

<u>Cause</u> – The City has a limited number of employees and procedures have not been designed to adequately segregate duties or provide compensating controls through additional oversight of transactions and processes.

<u>Effect</u> – Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the City's ability to prevent or detect and correct misstatements, errors or misappropriation on a timely basis by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The City should review its control activities to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances utilizing currently available staff, including elected officials.

<u>Response</u> – Segregation of duties is controlled as much as possible considering the <u>limited number of individuals</u>

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response acknowledged. The City could utilize elected officials to review financial reports and transactions. Reviews should be evidenced by the initials and date of the reviewer.

#### Schedule of Findings

#### Year ended June 30, 2018

#### (B) Reconciliation of Utility Billings, Collections and Delinquent Accounts

<u>Criteria</u> – An effective internal control system provides for internal controls related to maintaining delinquent account listings, reconciling utility billings, collections and delinquent accounts.

<u>Condition</u> – Utility billings and collections were reconciled throughout the year, however the reconciliations did not include a reconciliation of the utility receipts to bank deposits. Additionally, there was no evidence an independent review of the reconciliations and delinquent accounts was performed.

<u>Cause</u> – Policies have not been established and procedures have not been implemented to independently review utility reconciliations and delinquent account balances or to reconcile utility receipts from the utility system to bank deposits.

<u>Effect</u> – This condition could result in unrecorded or misstated utility receipts, improper or unauthorized adjustments and write-offs and/or misstated delinquent account balances.

<u>Recommendation</u> – Utility billing reconciliations should include a reconciliation of utility receipts per the utility system to bank deposits. The City Council or a Council-designated independent person should review the utility reconciliations and monitor delinquent accounts. The review of the reconciliations should be documented by the signature or initials of the reviewer and the date of review.

<u>Response</u> – The City will work to address these issues. The City is now reconciling utility billings on a monthly basis.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

#### INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

#### Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2018

#### Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

(1) <u>Certified Budget</u> – Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2018 exceeded the amount budgeted in the general government and debt service functions. Additionally, disbursements in the general government and capital projects function exceeded the amount budgeted prior to the budget amendment. Chapter 384.20 of the Code of Iowa states, in part, "Public monies may not be expended or encumbered except under an annual or continuing appropriation."

<u>Recommendation</u> – The budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 384.18 of the Code of Iowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget.

Response - The budget will be amended in the future, if applicable.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- (2) <u>Questionable Disbursements</u> No disbursements which did not appear to meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dates April 25, 1979 were noted.
- (3) <u>Travel Expense</u> No disbursements of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.
- (4) <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the City and City officials or employees were noted.
- (5) <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- (6) <u>City Council Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the City Council minutes but were not.
- (7) <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapters 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy were noted.
- (8) <u>Revenue Bonds</u> No instances of non-compliance with the revenue bond resolution were noted.

#### Staff

## This audit was performed by:

Ernest H. Ruben, Jr., CPA, Manager Alex W. Case, Senior Auditor Brett S. Gillen, CPA, Staff Auditor Ethan M. Snedigar, Assistant Auditor

> Marlys K. Gaston, CPA Deputy Auditor of State